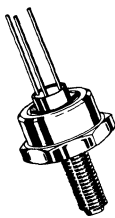


**2N3924 (SILICON)**  
 thru  
**2N3927**

NPN silicon annular RF power transistors, optimized for large-signal power-amplifier and driver applications to 300 MHz.

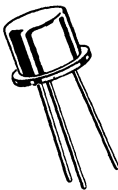


Collector electrically connected to case; stud electrically isolated from case

**CASE 24**  
 2N3925  
 (TO-102)



**CASE 36**  
 2N3926  
 2N3927  
 (TO-60)



**CASE 79**  
 2N3924  
 (TO-39)

Stud and case electrically connected to emitter

Collector connected to case

**MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

| Rating                                                                              | Symbol         | 2N3924      | 2N3925     | 2N3926       | 2N3927        | Unit                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage                                                           | $V_{CEO}$      | 18          | 18         | 18           | 18            | Vdc                             |
| Collector-Base Voltage                                                              | $V_{CB}$       | 36          | 36         | 36           | 36            | Vdc                             |
| Emitter-Base Voltage                                                                | $V_{EB}$       | 4.0         | 4.0        | 4.0          | 4.0           | Vdc                             |
| Collector Current                                                                   | $I_C$          | 0.5         | 1.0        | 1.5          | 3.0           | Adc                             |
| Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$<br>Derate above $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | $P_D$          | 7.0<br>40   | 10<br>57.1 | 11.6<br>66.3 | 23.2<br>132.5 | Watts<br>mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range                                    | $T_J, T_{stg}$ | -65 to +200 |            |              |               | $^{\circ}\text{C}$              |

# 2N3924 thru 2N3927 (continued)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic                           | Conditions                                                           | Symbol                 | Min | Typ | Max         | Unit |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-------------|------|
| <b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>               |                                                                      |                        |     |     |             |      |
| Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) | I <sub>C</sub> = 200 mAdc                                            | BV <sub>CEO(sus)</sub> | 18  | -   | -           | Vdc  |
| Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage         | I <sub>C</sub> = 0.25 mAdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0                       | BV <sub>CBO</sub>      | 36  | -   | -           | Vdc  |
|                                          | I <sub>C</sub> = 0.50 mAdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0                       |                        | 36  | -   | -           |      |
| Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage           | I <sub>E</sub> = 1.0 mAdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0                        | BV <sub>EBO</sub>      | 4.0 | -   | -           | Vdc  |
|                                          | I <sub>E</sub> = 2.0 mAdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0                        |                        | 4.0 | -   | -           |      |
| Collector Cutoff Current                 | V <sub>CB</sub> = 15 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0                         | I <sub>CBO</sub>       | -   | -   | 0.1<br>0.25 | mAdc |
|                                          | V <sub>CB</sub> = 15 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, T <sub>A</sub> = 150°C |                        | -   | -   | 5.0<br>10   |      |

## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

|                                  |                                                                    |                 |   |            |          |     |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------|----------|-----|
| Current-Gain – Bandwidth Product | I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mAdc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, f = 100 MHz | f <sub>T</sub>  | - | 350        | -        | MHz |
|                                  | I <sub>C</sub> = 200 mAdc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, f = 100 MHz |                 | - | 350        | -        |     |
| Output Capacitance               | V <sub>CB</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0, f = 100 kHz        | C <sub>ob</sub> | - | 12.5<br>25 | 20<br>45 | pF  |

## FUNCTIONAL TESTS 2N3924

|                                     |                                                                                             |                 |     |     |     |      |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Power Input                         | Test Circuit Figure 1                                                                       | P <sub>in</sub> | -   | -   | 1.0 | Watt |
| Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain | V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 ohms, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 ohms, f = 175 MHz | G <sub>pe</sub> | 6.0 | 7.3 | -   | dB   |
|                                     |                                                                                             | η               | 70  | -   | -   |      |

## 2N3925

|                                     |                                                                                             |                 |      |     |     |       |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Power Input                         | Test Circuit Figure 1                                                                       | P <sub>in</sub> | -    | -   | 1.3 | Watts |
| Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain | V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 ohms, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 ohms, f = 175 MHz | G <sub>pe</sub> | 5.84 | 6.5 | -   | dB    |
|                                     |                                                                                             | η               | 70   | -   | -   |       |

## 2N3926

|                                     |                                                                                             |                 |      |     |     |       |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Power Input                         | Test Circuit Figure 1                                                                       | P <sub>in</sub> | -    | -   | 2.0 | Watts |
| Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain | V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 ohms, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 ohms, f = 175 MHz | G <sub>pe</sub> | 5.44 | 6.0 | -   | dB    |
|                                     |                                                                                             | η               | 70   | -   | -   |       |

## 2N3927

|                                     |                                                                                             |                 |      |     |     |       |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Power Input                         | Test Circuit Figure 1                                                                       | P <sub>in</sub> | -    | -   | 4.0 | Watts |
| Common-Emitter Amplifier Power Gain | V <sub>CE</sub> = 13.6 Vdc, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 ohms, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 ohms, f = 175 MHz | G <sub>pe</sub> | 4.77 | 5.0 | -   | dB    |
|                                     |                                                                                             | η               | 80   | -   | -   |       |

(1) Pulsed thru a 25-mH inductor (See Figure 2)

FIGURE 1 — 175 MHz TEST CIRCUIT

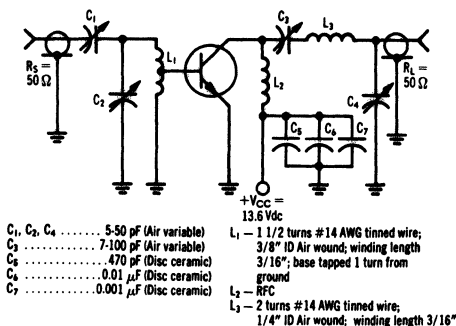
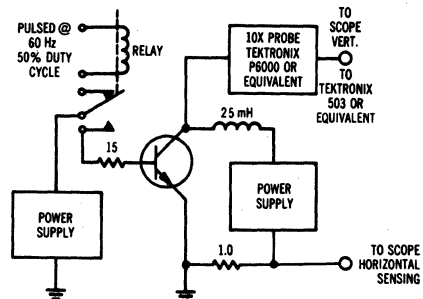


FIGURE 2 — PULSE TEST CIRCUIT



2N3924 thru 2N3927 (continued)

CLASS C DESIGN DATA FOR  $V_{CE} = 13.6 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

(Emitter Grounded Directly to the Chassis — No Tuned-Emitter Techniques Used)

2N3924

FIGURE 3 — POWER OUTPUT vs FREQUENCY

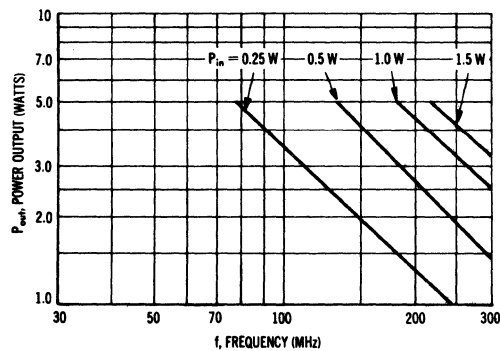


FIGURE 4 — POWER OUTPUT vs POWER INPUT

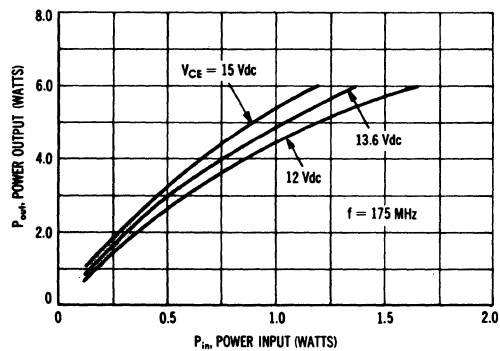


FIGURE 5 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT RESISTANCE

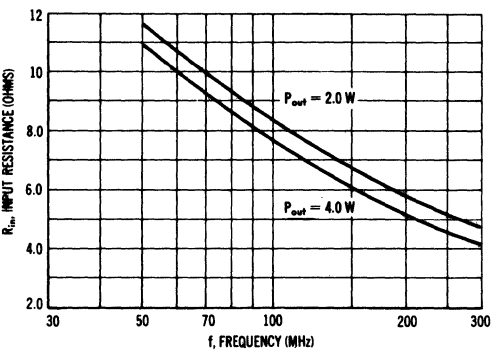


FIGURE 6 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT CAPACITANCE

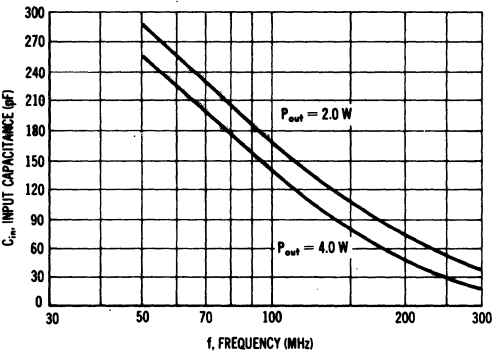
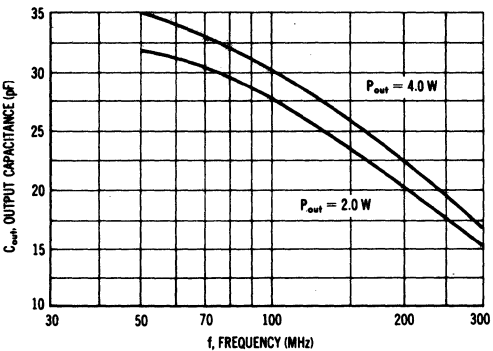


FIGURE 7 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE



2N3925

FIGURE 8 — POWER OUTPUT vs FREQUENCY

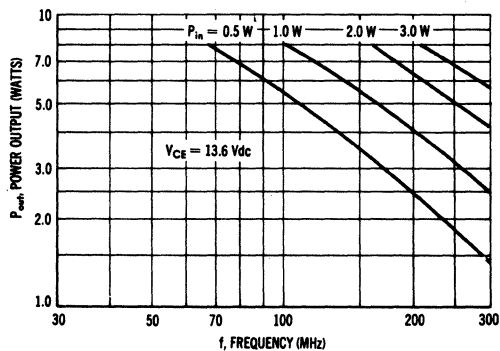


FIGURE 9 — POWER OUTPUT vs POWER INPUT

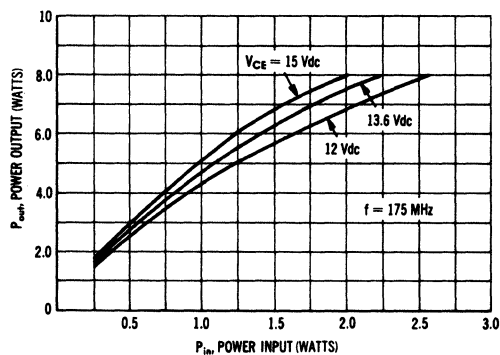


FIGURE 10 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT RESISTANCE

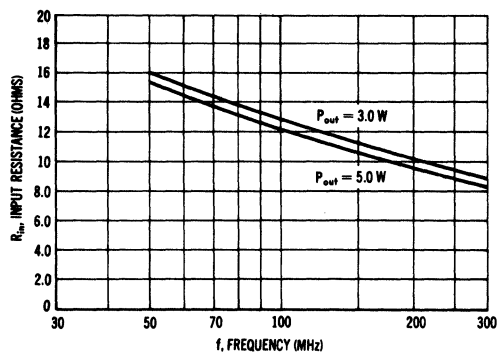


FIGURE 11 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT CAPACITANCE

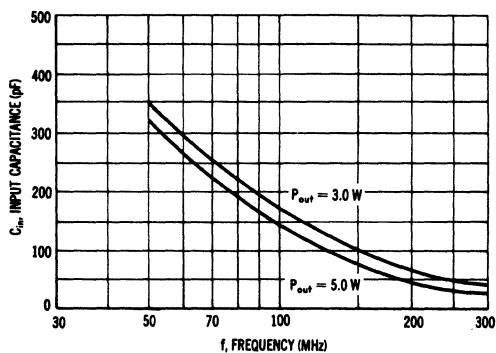
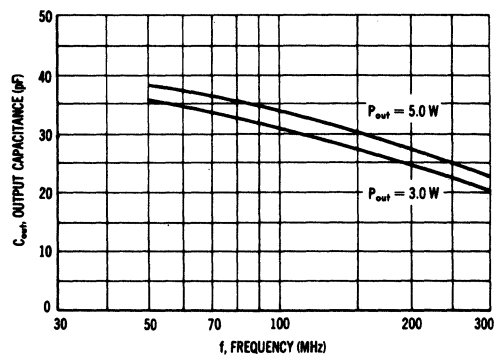


FIGURE 12 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE



2N3926

FIGURE 13 — POWER OUTPUT vs FREQUENCY

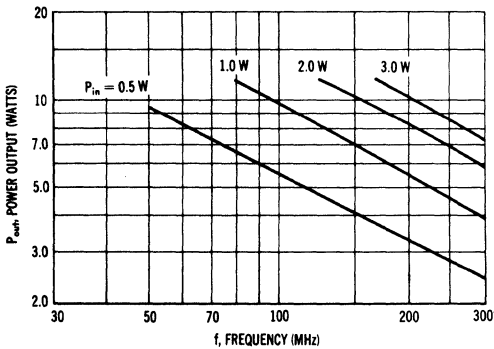


FIGURE 14 — POWER OUTPUT vs POWER INPUT

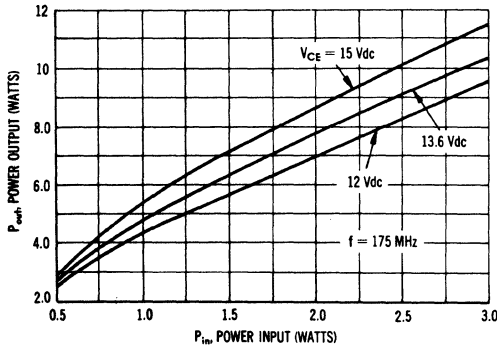


FIGURE 15 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT RESISTANCE

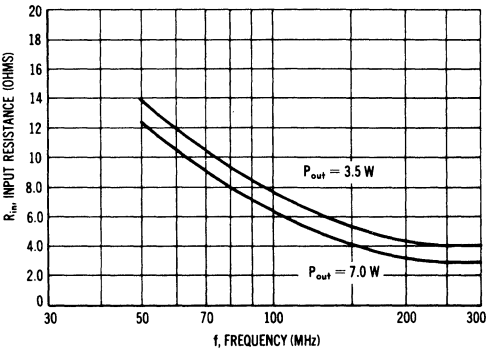


FIGURE 16 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT CAPACITANCE

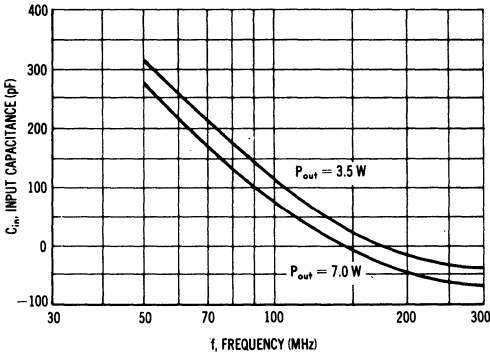
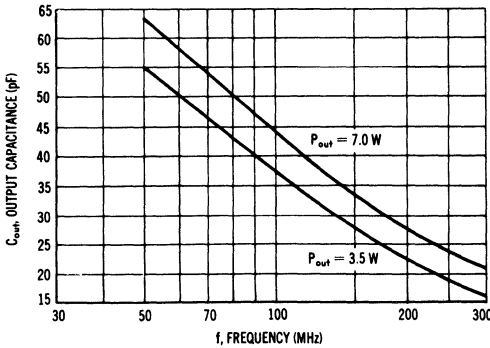


FIGURE 17 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE



2N3927

FIGURE 18 — POWER INPUT vs FREQUENCY

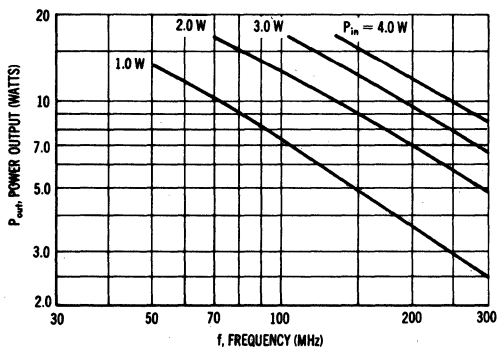


FIGURE 20 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT RESISTANCE

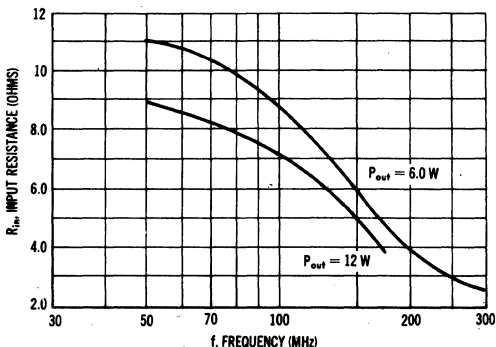


FIGURE 19 — POWER OUTPUT vs POWER INPUT

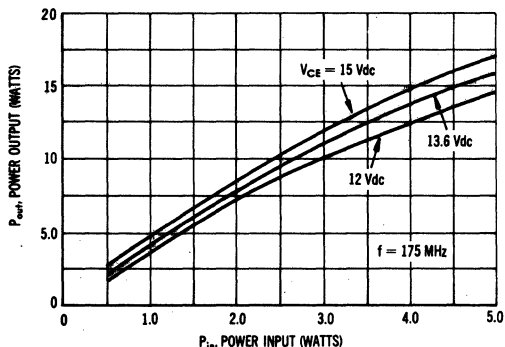


FIGURE 21 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT INPUT CAPACITANCE

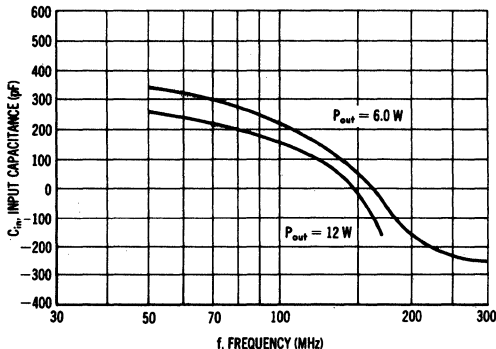
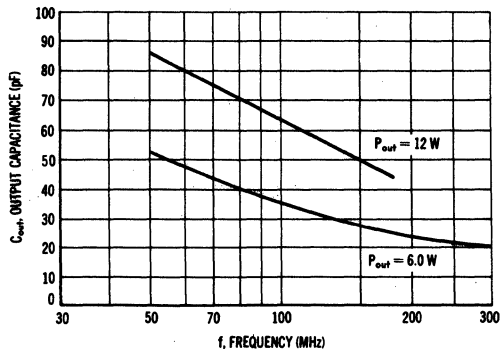


FIGURE 22 — PARALLEL EQUIVALENT OUTPUT CAPACITANCE



DESIGN NOTE

For Class C power-amplifier designs, small-signal parameters are not applicable. The parallel equivalent output capacitance and input resistance and capacitance for Class C power-amplifier design are used.

The parallel resistive portion of the collector load impedance for a power amplifier,  $R_L'$ , may be computed by assuming a peak voltage swing equal to  $V_{CC}$ , and using the expression  $R_L' = V_{CC}^2/2P$  where  $P = RF$  power output. The computed  $R_L'$  may then be combined with the data for Class C design to complete device impedance data.