

SILICON DIFFUSED POWER TRANSISTOR

High-voltage, high-speed, glass-passivated npn switching transistor in a TO-3 envelope, intended for use in three-phase AC motor control systems.

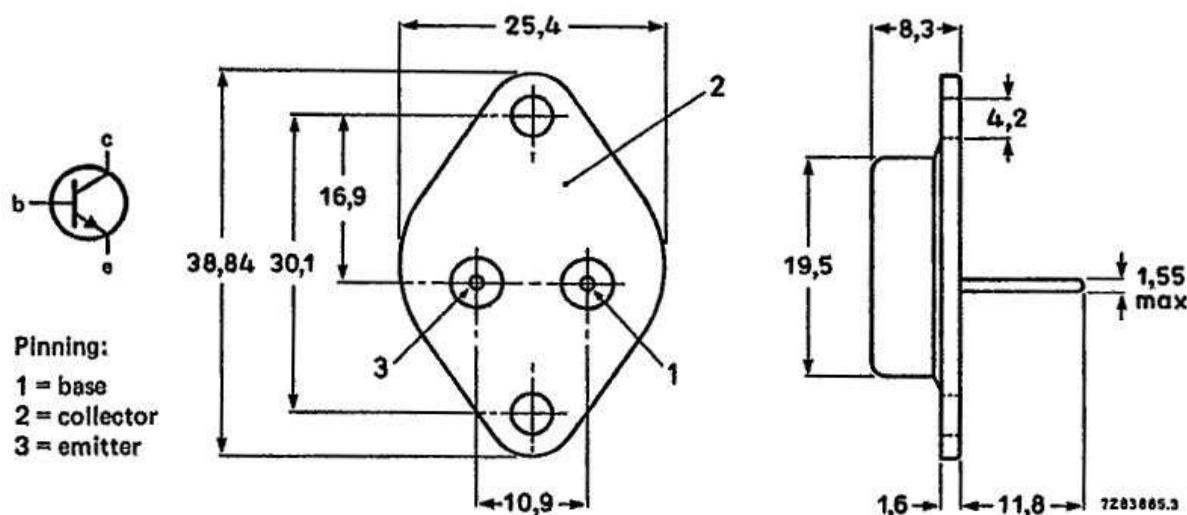
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-emitter voltage (peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$)	V_{CESM}	max.	1500 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	700 V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	max.	1 V
Collector current (DC)	I_C	max.	12 A
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	20 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	160 W
Collector saturation current	I_{Csat}	typ.	9 A
Fall time	t_f	typ.	0,5 μs

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-3.

Dimensions in mm



Collector connected to case.

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage (peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$)	V_{CESM}	max.	1500 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	700 V
Collector current (DC)	I_C	max.	12 A
Collector current (peak value)	I_{CM}	max.	20 A
Base current (DC)	I_B	max.	8 A
Base current (peak value)	I_{BM}	max.	12 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	160 W
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to mounting base	$R_{th j-mb}$	=	0,78 K/W
--------------------------------	---------------	---	----------

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current*

 $V_{CE} = V_{CESM\max}; V_{BE} = 0$ I_{CES} max. 1 mA $V_{CE} = V_{CESM\max}; V_{BE} = 0; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ I_{CES} max. 4 mA

Emitter cut-off current

 $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$ I_{EBO} max. 10 mA

Saturation voltages

 $I_C = 9 \text{ A}; I_B = 4 \text{ A}$ V_{CEsat} max. 1 V $I_C = 12 \text{ A}; I_B = 6 \text{ A}$ V_{BEsat} max. 1,5 V

Collector-emitter sustaining voltage

 $I_C = 200 \text{ mA}; I_B = 0; L = 25 \text{ mH}$ $V_{CEO}sust$ min. 700 V

Second breakdown collector current

 $V_{CE} = 100 \text{ V}; t_p = 1 \text{ s}$ $I_{(SB)C}$ min. 0,4 ATransition frequency at $f = 5 \text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 0,1 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ f_T typ. 7 MHzCollector capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $I_E = I_e = 0; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ C_C typ. 200 pF

* Measured with a half-sinewave voltage (curve tracer).

Switching times resistive load (Figs 2 and 3)

 $I_{Con} = 9 \text{ A}$; $I_{Bon} = -I_{Boff} = 4 \text{ A}$

Turn-on time

Turn-off: Storage time

Fall time

t_{on}	typ.	1,5	μs
t_s	typ., typ.	4,5	μs
t_f		0,5	μs

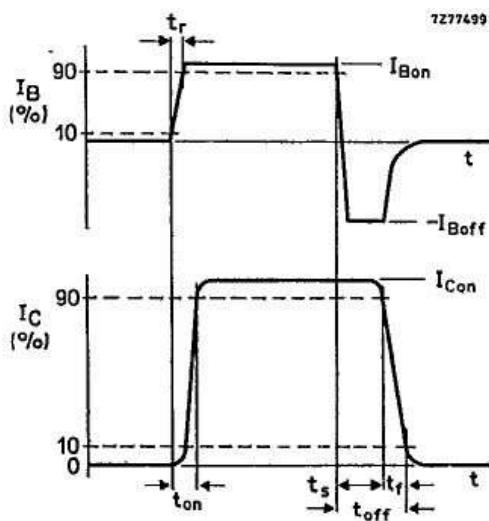


Fig. 2 Switching times waveforms with resistive load.

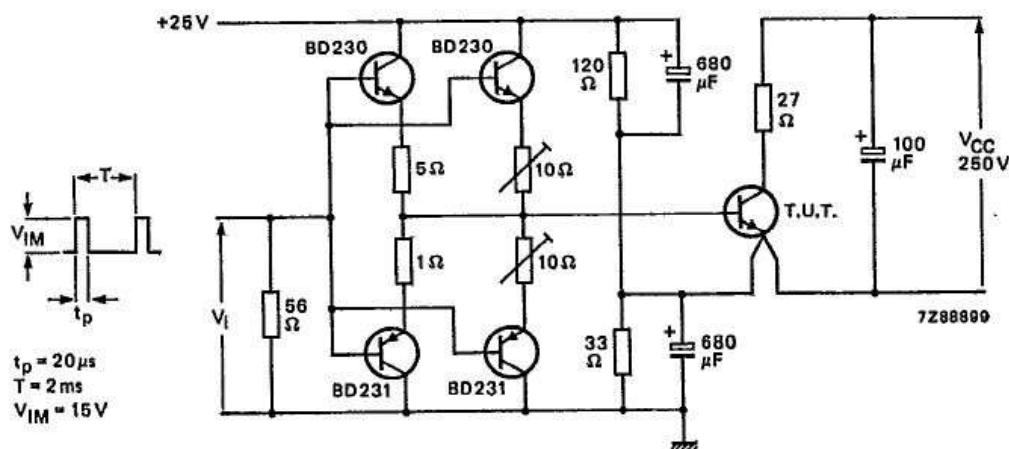
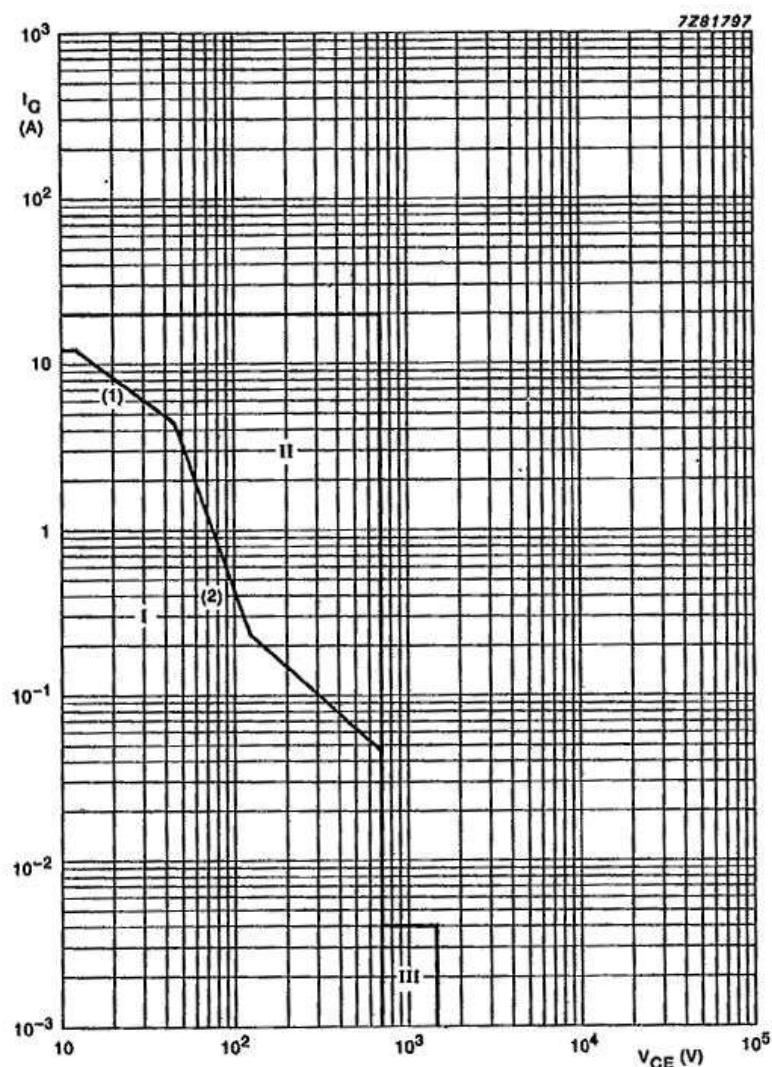


Fig. 3 Test circuit resistive load.



- (1) $P_{tot\ max}$ line.
(2) Second-breakdown limits.
I Region of permissible DC operation.
II Permissible extension for repetitive pulse operation.
III Repetitive pulse operation in this region is permissible,
provided $V_{BE} \leq 0$ and $t_p \leq 5$ ms.

Fig. 4 Safe operating area at $T_{mb} \leq 25$ °C.

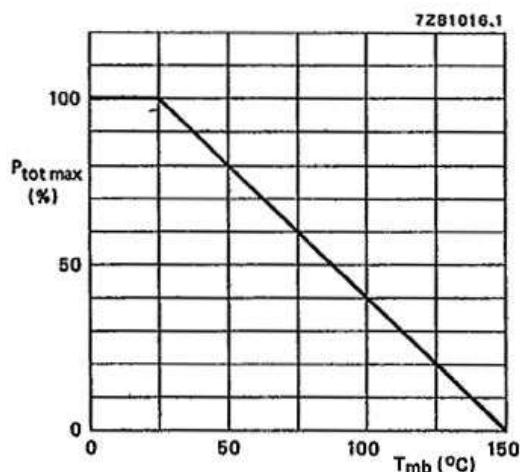
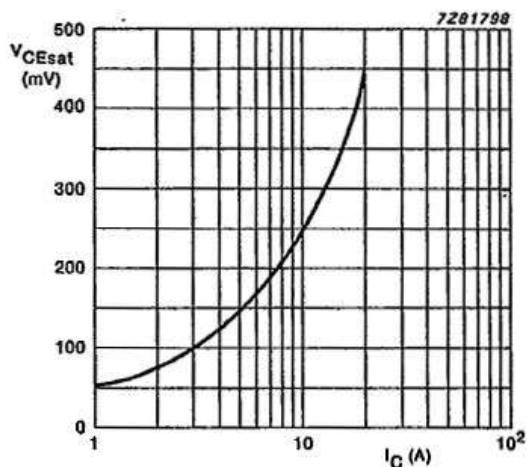
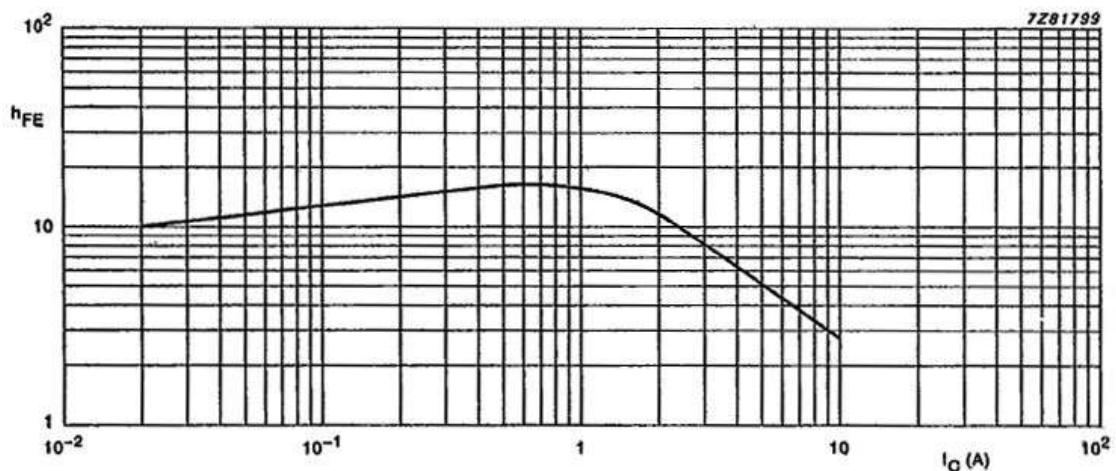


Fig. 5 Power derating curve.

Fig. 6 Typical values $I_C/I_B = 2$; $T_j = 25$ $^{\circ}$ C.Fig. 7 Typical values DC current gain at $V_{CE} = 5$ V; $T_{mb} = 25$ $^{\circ}$ C.